The next way to Learn

Time: $\mathbf{3}$ hrs; Total Marks: 100

## General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Please check that this question paper contains 26 questions.
3. Question 1-6 in Section A are very short - answer type questions carrying 1 mark each.
4. Questions 7-19 in Section B are long - answer I type question carrying 4 marks each.
5. Questions 20-26 in Section B are long - answer II type question carrying 6 marks each.

## Section A

1. If $\vec{a}=2 \hat{i}+\hat{j}+3 \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b}=3 \hat{i}+5 \hat{j}-2 \hat{k}$, then find $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|$.
2. Find the angle between the vectors $\hat{i}-\hat{j}$ and $\hat{j}-\hat{k}$.
3. Find the distance of a point $(2,5,-3)$ from the plane $\vec{r} \cdot(6 \hat{i}-3 \hat{j}+2 \hat{k})=4$.
4. Write the element $a_{12}$ of the matrix $A=\left[a_{i j}\right]_{2 \times 2}$, whose elements $a_{i j}$ are given by $a_{i j}=e^{2 i x} \operatorname{sinj} x$.
5. Find the differential equation of the family of lines passing through the origin.
6. Find the integrating factor for the following differential equation: $x \log x \frac{d y}{d x}+y=2 \log x$

## Section B

7. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1\end{array}\right]$, then show that $A^{2}-4 A-5 I=0$, and hence find $A^{-1}$.

## OR

If $A=\left|\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 0 & -1 \\ 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3\end{array}\right|$, then find $\mathrm{A}^{-1}$ using elementary row operations.
8. Using the properties of determinants solve the following for $\mathrm{x}:\left|\begin{array}{lll}x+2 & x+6 & x-1 \\ x+6 & x-1 & x+2 \\ x-1 & x+2 & x+6\end{array}\right|=0$.
9. Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{\pi / 2} \frac{\sin ^{2} x}{\sin x+\cos x} d x$.

## OR

Evaluate $\int_{-1}^{2}\left(e^{3 x}+7 x-5\right) d x$ as a limits of sum.
10. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^{2}}{x^{4}+x^{2}-2} d x$
11. In a set of 10 coins, 2 coins are with heads on both the sides. A coin is selected at random from this set and tossed 5 times .If all the 5 times, the result was heads, find the probability that the selected coin had heads on both the sides.

## OR

How many times must a fair coin be tossed so that the probability of getting at least one head is more than $80 \%$ ?
12. Find $x$ such that the four points $A(4,1,2), B(5, x, 6), C(5,1,-1)$ and $D(7,4,0)$ are coplanar.
13. A line passing through the point A with position vector $\vec{a}=4 \hat{i}+2 \hat{j}+2 \hat{k}$ is parallel to the vector $\vec{b}=2 \hat{i}+3 \hat{j}+6 \hat{k}$. Find the length of the perpendicular drawn on this line from a point P with vector $\vec{r}_{1}=\hat{i}+2 \hat{j}+3 \hat{k}$.
14. Solve the following for x :
$\sin ^{-1}(1-x)-2 \sin ^{-1} x=\Pi / 2$
OR
Show that:
$2 \sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)-\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{17}{31}\right)=\Pi / 4$
15. If $y=e^{a x} \cdot \cos b x$, then prove that

$$
\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-2 a \frac{d y}{d x}+\left(a^{2}+b^{2}\right) y=0
$$

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16. If $\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{x}}+\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{y}}+\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{x}}=\mathrm{a}^{\mathrm{b}}$, then find $\frac{d y}{d x}$.
17. If $x=a \sin 2 t(1+\cos 2 t)$ and $y=b \cos 2 t(1-\cos 2 t)$ then find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ at $\mathrm{t}=\Pi / 4$.
18. Evaluate: $\int \frac{(x+3) e^{x}}{(x+5)^{3}} d x$
19. Three schools $X, Y$ and $Z$ organized a fete(mela)for collecting funds for flood victims in which they sold hand -held fans, mats and toys made from recycled material ,the sale price of each being Rs. 25 , Rs. 100 and Rs. 50 respectively. The following table shows the number of articles of each type sold:

| School/Article | School X | School Y | School z |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hand -held fans | 30 | 40 | 35 |
| Mats | 12 | 15 | 20 |
| Toys | 70 | 55 | 75 |

Using matrices, find the funds collected by each school by selling the above articles and the total funds collected. Also write any one value generated by the above situation.

## Section C

20. Let $A=Q \times Q$, where $Q$ is the set of all rational numbers, and * be a binary operations on $A$ defined by $(a, b)^{*}(c, d)=(a c, b+a d)$ for $(a, b),(c, d) \in A$.Then Find
(i) the identity element of * in A.
(ii) Invertible elements of A, and hence write the inverse of elements $(5,3)$ and (1/2,4).

OR
Let $f: W \rightarrow W$ be defined as
$F(n)=\{n-1$, if $n$ is odd
$\{n+1$, if $n$ is even
Show that $f$ is invertible and find the inverse of $f$.Here, $W$ is the set of all whole numbers.
21. Sketch the region bounded by the curves $y=\sqrt{5-x^{2}}$ and $y=|x-1|$ and find its area using integration.
22. Find the particular solution of the differential equation $x^{2} d y=\left(2 x y+y^{2}\right) d x$ given that $\mathrm{y}=1$ when $\mathrm{x}=1$.

OR,

Find the particular solution of the differential equation

$$
\left(1+x^{2}\right) \frac{d y}{d x}=\left(e^{m \tan ^{-1} x}-y\right), \text { given that } \mathrm{y}=1 \text { when } \mathrm{x}=0 .
$$

23. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of the function $f$ given by $f(x)=\sin ^{2} x-\cos x$, $x \in(0, \Pi)$
24. Show that lines:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\vec{r} & =\hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k}+\lambda(\hat{i}-\hat{j}+\hat{k}) \\
\vec{r} & =4 \hat{j}+2 \hat{k}+\mu(2 \hat{i}-\hat{j}+3 \hat{k}) \text { are coplanar. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Also, find the equation of the plane containing these two lines.
25. Minimum and maximum constraints $z=5 x+2 y$ subject to the following constraints:

$$
\begin{gathered}
x-2 y \leq 2 \\
3 x+2 y \leq 12 \\
-3 x+2 y \leq 3 \\
x \geq 0, y \geq 0
\end{gathered}
$$

26. Two of the numbers are selected at random (without replacement from the first six positive integers .Let $X$ denote the larger of the two numbers obtained. Find the probability distribution of $X$. Find the mean and variance of the distribution.
